COMPUTING

DATA AND INFORMATION

Small Steps

MILESTONE 1

Key Stage 1

Grouping Data	 I can compare totals in a tally chart I can record data in a tally chart I can represent a tally count as a total
 -I can describe objects using labels - I can identify the label for a group of objects - I can match objects to groups 	 -I can enter data onto a computer - I can use a computer to view data in a different format - I can use pictograms to answer simple questions about objects
 -I can count a group of objects - I can count objects - I can group objects 	 -I can explain what the pictogram shows - I can organise data in a tally chart - I can use a tally chart to create a pictogram
 -I can describe an object - I can describe a property of an object - I can find objects with similar properties 	-I can answer 'more than'/'less than' and 'most/ least' questions about an attribute
 -I can count how many objects share a property - I can group objects in more than one way - I can group similar objects 	- I can tally objects using a common attribute
 -I can choose how to group objects - I can describe groups of objects - I can record how many objects are in a group 	 -I can choose a suitable attribute to compare people - I can collect the data I need - I can create a pictogram and draw conclusions
 -I can compare groups of objects - I can decide how to group objects to answer a question - I can record and share what I have found 	from it -I can give simple examples of why information should not be shared
	puter

- I can use a computer program to present information in different ways

Pictograms

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

DATA AND INFORMATION

Small Steps

MILESTONE 2

Lower Key Stage 2

Branching	
 -I can create two groups of objects separated by one attribute - I can investigate questions with yes/no answers - I can make up a yes/no question about a collec- tion of objects 	
 -I can arrange objects into a tree structure - I can create a group of objects within an existing group - I can select an attribute to separate objects into groups 	
 I can group objects using my own yes/no questions I can select objects to arrange in a branching database I can test my branching database to see if it works 	
 I can compare two branching database structures I can create yes/no questions using given attributes I can explain that questions need to be ordered carefully to split objects into similarly sized groups 	
 I can create a physical version of a branching database I can create questions that will enable objects to be uniquely identified I can independently create questions to use in a branching database 	
 -I can create a branching database that reflects my plan - I can suggest real-world uses for branching da- tabases - I can work with a partner to test my identification tool 	

Data Logging -I can choose a data set to answer a given question - I can identify data that can be gathered over time - I can suggest questions that can be answered using a given data set -I can explain what data can be collected using sensors - I can identify that data from sensors can be recorded - I can use data from a sensor to answer a given question -I can identify the intervals used to collect data - I can recognise that a data logger collects data at given points - I can talk about the data that I have captured -I can explain that there are different ways to view data - I can sort data to find information - I can view data at different levels of detail -I can plan how to collect data using a data logger - I can propose a question that can be answered using logged data - I can use a data logger to collect data -I can draw conclusions from the data that I have collected - I can explain the benefits of using a data logger - I can interpret data that has been collected using a data logger

COMPUTING

DATA AND INFORMATION

Small Steps

MILESTONE 3

Upper Key Stage 2

Flat-file Databases

- -I can create a database using cards - I can explain how information can be recorded - I can order, sort, and group my data cards -I can choose which field to sort data by to answer a given guestion - I can explain what a field and a record is in a database - I can navigate a flat-file database to compare different views of information -I can combine grouping and sorting to answer specific questions - I can explain that data can be grouped using chosen values - I can group information using a database -l can choose multiple criteria to answer a given question - I can choose which field and value are required to answer a given question - I can outline how 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection -I can explain the benefits of using a computer to create charts - I can refine a chart by selecting a particular filter - I can select an appropriate chart to visually compare data
- -I can ask guestions that will need more than one field to answer
- I can present my findings to a group
- I can refine a search in a real-world context

Spreadsheets	
-l can collect data	
- I can suggest how to structure my data	
 -I can apply an appropriate format to a cell - I can choose an appropriate format for a cell - I can explain what an item of data is 	
-l can construct a formula in a spreadsheet	
 I can explain which data types can be used i calculations 	n
- I can identify that changing inputs changes of	out-
put	
-I can apply a formula to multiple cells by dupl cating it	li-
- I can calculate data using different operation	S
- I can create a formula which includes a rang cells	e or
-I can apply a formula to calculate the data I n to answer questions	leed
 I can explain why data should be organised I can use a spreadsheet to answer questions 	S
 -I can produce a chart - I can suggest when to use a table or chart - I can use a chart to show the answer to questions 	S-

-I can identify and find keys on a keyboard - I can open a word processor - I can recognise keys on a keyboard -I can enter text into a computer - I can use backspace to remove text - I can use letter, number, and space keys -I can explain what the keys that I have learnt about already do - I can identify the toolbar and use bold, italic, and underline - I can type capital letters -I can change the font - I can select all of the text by clicking and dragging - I can select a word by double-clicking -I can decide if my changes have improved my writing - I can say what tool I used to change the text - I can use 'undo' to remove changes -I can explain the differences between typing and writina - I can make changes to text on a computer - I can say why I prefer typing or writing

Digital Writing

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

CREATING MEDIA

Small Steps

MILESTONE 1

Key Stage 1

COMPUTING

CREATING MEDIA

Small Steps

MILESTONE 2

Lower Key Stage 2

Desktop Publishing

-I can explain the difference between text and
images
- I can identify the advantages and disadvantages
of using text and images
 I can recognise that text and images can com-
municate messages clearly
-I can change font style, size, and colours for a
given purpose
- I can edit text
- I can explain that text can be changed to com-
municate more clearly
-I can create a template for a particular purpose
 I can define the term 'page orientation'
 I can recognise placeholders and say why they
are important
-I can choose the best locations for my content
- I can make changes to content after I've added
it
- I can paste text and images to create a maga-
zine cover
 I can choose a suitable layout for a given pur-
pose
- I can identify different layouts
- I can match a layout to a purpose
-I can compare work made on desktop publishing
to work created by hand
- I can identify the uses of desktop publishing in
the real world
- I can say why desktop publishing might be help-
tul

Audio Production
 I can explain that the person who records the sound can say who is allowed to use it I can identify the input and output devices used to record and play sound I can use a computer to record audio
 I can discuss what sounds can be added to a podcast I can inspect the soundwave view to know where to trim my recording I can re-record my voice to improve my recording
 I can explain how sounds can be combined to make a podcast more engaging I can plan appropriate content for a podcast I can save my project so the different parts re- main editable
 I can improve my voice recordings I can record content following my plan I can review the quality of my recordings
 -I can arrange multiple sounds to create the effect I want -I can explain the difference between saving a project and exporting an audio file -I can open my project to continue working on it
 -I can choose appropriate edits to improve my podcast - I can listen to an audio recording to identify its strengths - I can suggest improvements to an audio recording

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

CREATING MEDIA

Small Steps

MILESTONE 3

Upper Key Stage 2

Video Production	
 -I can compare features in different videos - I can explain that video is a visual media forma - I can identify features of videos 	at
 I can experiment with different camera angles I can identify and find features on a digital vide recording device I can make use of a microphone 	90
 I can capture video using a range of filming tec niques I can review how effective my video is I can suggest filming techniques for a given pupose 	:h- ur-
 I can create and save video content I can decide which filming techniques I will use I can outline the scenes of my video 	9
 -I can explain how to improve a video by reshound ing and editing - I can select the correct tools to make edits to rivideo - I can store, retrieve, and export my recording to a computer -I can evaluate my video and share my opinions 	ot- ny to
 I can evaluate my video and share my opinions I can make edits to my video and improve the final outcome I can recognise that my choices when making video will impact on the quality of the final outcome 	, a

Web-page Creation
-I can discuss the different types of media used on websites
 I can explore a website I know that websites are written in HTML
 I can draw a web page layout that suits my pur- pose
- I can recognise the common features of a web
- I can suggest media to include on my page
 I can describe what is meant by the term 'fair use'
- I can find copyright-free images
es
 -I can add content to my own web page - I can evaluate what my web page looks like on different devices and suggest/make edits - I can preview what my web page looks like
-I can describe why navigation paths are useful
- I can make multiple web pages and link them
using hyperlinks
 I can create hyperlinks to link to other people's work
 I can evaluate the user experience of a website I can explain the implication of linking to content
owned by others

COMPUTING

PROGRAMMING

Small Steps

MILESTONE 1

Key Stage 1

 -I can match a command to an outcome - I can predict the outcome of a command on a device - I can run a command on a device -I can follow an instruction - I can give directions - I can recall words that can be acted out -I can compare forwards and backwards movements - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving forwards and backwards commands - I can start a sequence from the same place -I can compare left and right turns - I can experiment with turn and move commands to move a robot - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands - I can compare left and right turns - I can experiment with turn and move commands to move a robot - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands - I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands - I can choose the order of commands in a sequence - I can debug my program - I can explain what my program should do - I can use two different programs to get to the same place 	
 I can run a command on a device I can follow an instruction I can give directions I can recall words that can be acted out I can compare forwards and backwards movements I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving forwards and backwards commands I can start a sequence from the same place I can experiment with turn and move commands to move a robot I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving up to four commands I can choose the order of commands in a sequence I can debug my program I can identify several possible solutions I can use two different programs to get to the same place 	 I can match a command to an outcome I can predict the outcome of a command on a device
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 I can identify several possible solutions I can plan two programs I can use two different programs to get to the same place 	-I can choose the order of commands in a se- quence - I can debug my program - I can explain what my program should do
 -I can identify several possible solutions - I can plan two programs - I can use two different programs to get to the same place 	
- I can use two different programs to get to the same place	-I can identify several possible solutions
	- I can use two different programs to get to the same place

Moving a Robot

Programming Annotations
 -I can compare different programming tools - I can find which commands to move a sprite - I can use commands to move a sprite -I can run my program - I can use a Start block in a program - I can use more than one block by joining them together
 I can change the value I can find blocks that have numbers I can say what happens when I change a value I can add blocks to each of my sprites I can delete a sprite I can show that a project can include more than one sprite
 -I can choose appropriate artwork for my project - I can create an algorithm for each sprite - I can decide how each sprite will move
 I can add programming blocks based on my al- gorithm I can test the programs I have created I can use sprites that match my design

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

PROGRAMMING

Small Steps

MILESTONE 1

Key Stage 1

Robot Algorithms	
-i can choose a series of words that can be en-	
- I can follow instructions given by someone else	
- I can give clear instructions	
-I can show the difference in outcomes between	
two sequences that consist of the same com-	
- I can use an algorithm to program a sequence	
on a floor robot	
- I can use the same instructions to create differ-	
ent algorithms	
-I can compare my prediction to the program out-	
come	
- I can predict the outcome of a sequence	
-I can explain the choices I made for my mat de-	
sign	
- I can identify different routes around my mat	
- I can test my mat to make sure that it is usable	
-I can create an algorithm to meet my goal	
- I can explain what my algorithm should achieve	
- I can use my algorithm to create a program	
l som also slavnikkans for different ander af a task	
-i can plan algorithms for different parts of a task	
aram	
- I can test and debug each part of the program	
······································	

Programming Quizzes
 -I can identify that a program needs to be started - I can identify the start of a sequence - I can show how to run my program
 I can change the outcome of a sequence of commands I can match two sequences with the same outcome I can predict the outcome of a sequence of commands
 I can build the sequences of blocks I need I can decide which blocks to use to meet the design I can work out the actions of a sprite in an algorithm
 -I can choose backgrounds for the design - I can choose characters for the design - I can create a program based on the new design
 -I can build sequences of blocks to match my design - I can choose the images for my own design - I can create an algorithm
-I can compare my project to my design - I can debug my program - I can improve my project by adding features

COMPUTING

PROGRAMMING

Small Steps

MILESTONE 2

Lower Key Stage 2

Sequencing Sounds
 -I can explain that objects in Scratch have attributes (linked to) - I can identify the objects in a Scratch project (sprites, backdrops) - I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks
 -I can choose a word which describes an on- screen action for my plan - I can create a program following a design - I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose -I can create a sequence of connected com- mands - I can explain that the objects in my project will respond exactly to the code - I can start a program in different ways
 I can combine sound commands I can explain what a sequence is I can order notes into a sequence I can build a sequence of commands I can decide the actions for each sprite in a program I can make design choices for my artwork
 -I can identify and name the objects I will need for a project -I can implement my algorithm as code - I can relate a task description to a design

 I can choose which keys to use for actions and
explain my choices
- I can explain the relationship between an event
and an action
 I can identify a way to improve a program
 I can choose a character for my project
- I can choose a suitable size for a character in a
maze
- I can program movement
 I can choose blocks to set up my program
- I can consider the real world when making de-
sign choices
 I can use a programming extension
 I can build more sequences of commands to
make my design work
 I can choose suitable keys to turn on additional
features
 I can identify additional features (from a given
set of blocks)
-I can match a niece of code to an outcome
- L can modify a program using a design
- L can test a program against a given design
r oan teot a program againet a given deeign
-l can evaluate my project
- I can implement my design
- I can make design choices and justify them
r can make accign choices and justify morn

Events and Actions in Programs

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

PROGRAMMING

Small Steps

MILESTONE 2

Lower Key Stage 2

Repetition in Shapes
-I can create a code snippet for a given purpose
- I can explain the effect of changing a value of a
command
- I can program a computer by typing commands
-I can test my algorithm in a text-based language
- I can use a template to create a design for my
program
- I can write an algorithm to produce a given out-
come
-I can identify everyday tasks that include repeti-
dance moves
L can identify natterns in a sequence
- I can use a count-controlled loop to produce a
given outcome
-I can choose which values to change in a loop
- I can identify the effect of changing the number
of times a task is repeated
- I can predict the outcome of a program contain-
ing a count-controlled loop
-I can explain that a computer can repeatedly call
a procedure
- I can identify 'chunks' of actions in the real world
- I can use a procedure in a program
Lean design a program that includes count
controlled loops
- I can develop my program by debugging it
- I can make use of my design to write a program
i can maite ace er my abolgn to mite a program

Repetition in Games
 -I can list an everyday task as a set of instructions including repetition - I can modify a snippet of code to create a given outcome - I can predict the outcome of a snippet of code
 I can choose when to use a count-controlled and an infinite loop I can modify loops to produce a given outcome I can recognise that some programming lan- guages enable more than one process to be run at once
 I can choose which action will be repeated for each object I can evaluate the effectiveness of the repeated sequences used in my program I can explain what the outcome of the repeated action should be
 I can explain the effect of my changes I can identify which parts of a loop can be changed I can re-use existing code snippets on new sprites
 I can develop my own design explaining what my project will do I can evaluate the use of repetition in a project I can select key parts of a given project to use in my own design
 I can build a program that follows my design I can evaluate the steps I followed when building my project I can refine the algorithm in my design

COMPUTING

PROGRAMMING

Small Steps

MILESTONE 3

Upper Key Stage 2

Selection in Physical Computing
L can create a simple circuit and connect it to a
microcontroller
- I can explain what an infinite loop does
 I can program a microcontroller to make an LED switch on
-I can connect more than one output component to a microcontroller
- I can design sequences that use count-
- I can use a count-controlled loop to control out- puts
-I can design a conditional loop
- I can explain that a condition is either true or false
- I can program a microcontroller to respond to ar
input
-I can explain that a condition being met can star
- I can identify a condition and an action in my
project
 I can use selection (an 'ifthen' statement) to direct the flow of a program
-I can create a detailed drawing of my project
- I can describe what my project will do
 I can identify a real-world example of a condition starting an action
-I can test and debug my project
- I can use selection to produce an intended out-
come
- I can write an algorithm that describes what my
model will do

Selection in Quizzes
 -I can identify conditions in a program - I can modify a condition in a program - I can recall how conditions are used in selection
 -I can create a program with different outcomes using selection - I can identify the condition and outcomes in an 'if then else' statement - I can use selection in an infinite loop to check a condition
 -I can design the flow of a program which contains 'if then else' - I can explain that program flow can branch according to a condition - I can show that a condition can direct program flow in one of two ways
 -I can identify the outcome of user input in an algorithm - I can outline a given task - I can use a design format to outline my project
 I can implement my algorithm to create the first section of my program I can share my program with others I can test my program
 -I can extend my program further - I can identify the setup code I need in my program - I can identify ways the program could be improved

Technology Around Us -I can explain how these technology examples help us - I can explain technology as something that helps us - I can locate examples of technology in the classroom -I can name the main parts of a computer - I can switch on and log into a computer - I can use a mouse to click and drag -I can click and drag to make objects on a screen - I can use a mouse to create a picture - I can use a mouse to open a program -I can save my work to a file - I can say what a keyboard is for - I can type my name on a computer -I can delete letters - I can open my work from a file - I can use the arrow keys to move the cursor -I can discuss how we benefit from these rules - I can give examples of some of these rules - I can identify rules to keep us safe and healthy when we are using technology in and beyond the home

Key Stage 1

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

COMPUTER SYSTEMS + NETWORKS

Small Steps

MILESTONE 1

IT Around Us		
-I can describe some uses of computers - I can identify examples of computers		
- I can identify that a computer is a part of IT		
-I can identify examples of IT		
 I can identify that some IT can be used in more than one way 		
- I can sort school IT by what it's used for		
 -I can find examples of information technology - I can sort IT by where it is found - I can talk about uses of information technology 		
 -I can demonstrate how IT devices work together - I can recognise common types of technology - I can say why we use IT 		
 -I can list different uses of information technology - I can say how rules can help keep me safe - I can talk about different rules for using IT 		
 -I can explain the need to use IT in different ways - I can identify the choices that I make when using IT - I can use IT for different types of activities 		

COMPUTING

COMPUTER SYSTEMS + NETWORKS

Small Steps

MILESTONE 2

Lower Key Stage 2

Connecting Computers
 I can explain that digital devices accept inputs I can explain that digital devices produce outputs I can follow a process
 -I can classify input and output devices -I can describe a simple process - I can design a digital device
 -I can explain how I use digital devices for different activities - I can recognise similarities between using digital devices and non-digital tools - I can suggest differences between using digital devices and non-digital tools
 -I can discuss why we need a network switch - I can explain how messages are passed through multiple connections - I can recognise different connections
 -I can demonstrate how information can be passed between devices - I can explain the role of a switch, server, and wireless access point in a network - I can recognise that a computer network is made up of a number of devices
 -I can identify how devices in a network are connected together - I can identify networked devices around me - I can identify the benefits of computer networks

The Internet
-I can demonstrate now information is shared
- I can describe the internet as a network of net-
works
- I can discuss why a network needs protecting
-I can describe networked devices and how they
connect
- I can explain that the internet is used to provide
many services
- I can recognise that the world wide web con-
I can describe how to access websites on the
WWW
- I can describe where websites are stored when
uploaded to the WWW
- I can explain the types of media that can be
shared on the WWW
-I can explain that internet services can be used
- I can explain what media can be found on web-
sites
- I can recognise that I can add content to the
WWW
-I can explain that there are rules to protect con-
tent
- i can explain that websites and their content are
- I can suggest who owns the content on websites
-I can explain that not everything on the World
Wide Web is true
- I can explain why I need to think carefully before
I share or reshare content
- I can explain why some information I find online
I may not be nonest, accurate, or legal

SUBJECT CONCEPT PLANS

COMPUTING

COMPUTER SYSTEMS + NETWORKS

Small Steps

MILESTONE 3

Upper Key Stage 2

Systems and Searches
Lean describe that a computer system features
inputs, processes, and outputs
- I can explain that computer systems communi-
- I can explain that systems are built using a num- ber of parts
-I can explain the benefits of a given computer
- I can identify tasks that are managed by com-
- I can identify the human elements of a computer system
-I can compare results from different search en-
- I can make use of a web search to find specific
information - I can refine my web search
-I can explain why we need tools to find things
online
 I can recognise the role of web crawlers in cre- ating an index
- I can relate a search term to the search engine's index
-I can explain that a search engine follows rules
- I can give examples of criteria used by search
engines to rank results
- I can order a list by rank
-I can describe some of the ways that search
- I can explain how search engines make money
- I can recognise some of the limitations of search engines

age 2
Communication and Collaboration
-I can describe how computers use addresses to
- I can explain that internet devices have address-
es
- I can recognise that data is transferred using
agreed methods
-I can explain that all data transferred over the
- I can explain that data is transferred over net-
works in packets
- I can identify and explain the main parts of a
data packet
-I can explain that the internet allows different
L can recognise how to access shared files
stored online
- I can send information over the internet in differ-
ent ways
-I can explain how the internet enables effective
Collaboration
online
- I can recognise that working together on the
internet can be public or private
-I can choose methods of communication to suit
particular purposes
- i can explain the different ways in which people
- I can identify that there are a variety of ways to
communicate over the internet
-I can compare different methods of communi-
cating on the internet
- I can decide when I should and should hot share
- I can explain that communication on the internet
may not be private